WILLIAM L. ANTHONY (State Bar No. 106908) 1 ERIC L. WESENBERG (State Bar No. 139696) MARK R. WEINSTEIN (State Bar No. 193043) 2 ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE, LLP 1000 Marsh Road 3 Menlo Park, CA 94025 (650) 614-7400 Telephone: (650) 614-7401 Facsimile: 5 STEVEN ALEXANDER (admitted Pro Hac Vice) 6 KRISTIN L. CLEVELAND (admitted Pro Hac Vice) JAMES E. GERINGER (admitted Pro Hac Vice) 7 JOHN D. VANDENBERG KLARQUIST SPARKMAN, LLP 8 One World Trade Center, Suite 1600 121 S.W. Salmon Street 9 Portland, OR 97204 Telephone: (503) 226-7391 10 Facsimile: (503) 228-9446 11 Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimant, MICROSOFT CORPORATION 12 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 13 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 OAKLAND DIVISION 15 **CASE NO. C01-1640 SBA** INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES 16 CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation, MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S 17 Plaintiff, AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO 18 INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED MICROSOFT CORPORATION. a COMPLAINT 19 Washington corporation, 20 Defendant. 21 MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a Washington corporation, 22 Counterclaimant, 23 ٧. 24 INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation, 25 Counter Claim-Defendant. 26 27

ORRICK
HERRINGTON
SUTCLIFFE LLP
SIJICON VALLEY

DOCSSV1:165989.1

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

Defendant Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") answers the Third Amended 1 Complaint of InterTrust Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") as follows: 2 3 4 5 6 paragraph 1 of the Third Amended Complaint. 7 2. • 8 1338(a). 10 3. 11 12 Third Amended Complaint. 13 4. 14 of the Third Amended Complaint. 15 5. 16 Complaint. 17 6. 18 19 Third Amended Complaint. 20 7. 21 22 23 24 25 Amended Complaint. 26

Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a cause of action under the patent laws of the United States, 35 United States Code, §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a cause of action over which this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that venue is proper in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 3 of the On information and belief, Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 4 Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 5 of the Third Amended Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that it transacts business in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 6 of the Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent") states that it was issued February 6, 2001, is entitled "Trusted and secure techniques, systems and methods for item delivery and execution," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '683 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 7 of the Third

27

ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
SILICON VALLEY

- 8. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 6,253,193 B1 ("the '193 Patent") states that it was issued June 26, 2001, is entitled "Systems and methods for the secure transaction management and electronic rights protection," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corporation" as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '193 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 8 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 9. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent") states that it was issued August 17, 1999, and is entitled "Licensing management system and method in which datagrams including an address of a licensee and indicative of use of a licensed product are sent from the licensee's site." Microsoft denies that the '504 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft lacks sufficient information to admit or deny any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 9 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 10. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,920,861 ("the '861 Patent") states that it was issued July 6, 1999, is entitled "Techniques for defining using and manipulating rights management data structures," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '861 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 10 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 11. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent") states that it was issued April 6, 1999, is entitled "Systems and methods for secure transaction management and electronic rights protection," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '900 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 11 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 12. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891 ("the '891 Patent") states that it was issued November 9, 1999, is entitled "Systems and methods for secure transaction management and electronic rights protection," and lists "InterTrust

 Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '891 Patent was duly and lawfully DOCSSVI:160096.1

 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND

COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED

-2-

COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

	1			
	1	infringes the patents as	sserted against Microsoft in the	Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft
	2	denies any and all rem	aining allegations of paragraph	22 of the Third Amended Complaint.
	3	23.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 23 of the Third
	4	Amended Complaint.		
٠	5	24.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 24 of the Third
	6.	Amended Complaint.		
	7	25.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 25 of the Third
	8	Amended Complaint.		
	9	26. ***	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 26 of the Third
	10	Amended Complaint.	•	•
	11	27.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 27 of the Third
	12	Amended Complaint.	· .	
	13	28.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts	its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 9 of th
	14	_	plaint, as if fully restated herein.	· ·
	15			Amended Complaint purports to state a
	16			crosoft denies that it has infringed or now
	17			Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft
	18	_	,	29 of the Third Amended Complaint.
	19	30.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 30 of the Third
	20	Amended Complaint.		
	21	31.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 31 of the Third
	22	Amended Complaint.		
	23	32.	Microsoft denies any and all al	legations of paragraph 32 of the Third
	24	Amended Complaint.		
	25	33.	Microsoft denies any and all al	llegations of paragraph 33 of the Third
	26	Amended Complaint.		
	27	34.	Microsoft denies any and all al	llegations of paragraph 34 of the Third
ORRICK HERRINGTO & SUTCLIFFE I	LLP	Amended Complaint. DOCSSV1:160096.1	-4-	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA
		#		

1	35.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 10 of	
2	the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.		
3	36.	Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a	
4	cause of action under	35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now	
5	infringes the patents a	sserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft	
6	denies any and all rem	aining allegations of paragraph 36 of the Third Amended Complaint.	
7	37.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 37 of the Third	
8	Amended Complaint.		
9	38.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 38 of the Third	
ιo	Amended Complaint.		
11	39.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 39 of the Third	
12	Amended Complaint.		
13	40.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 40 of the Third	
١4	Amended Complaint.	•	
15	41	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 41 of the Third	
16	Amended Complaint.		
17	42.	Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 11 of	
18	the Third Amended Co	omplaint, as if fully restated herein.	
19	43.	Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a	
20	cause of action under	35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now	
21	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft		
22	denies any and all rem	aining allegations of paragraph 43 of the Third Amended Complaint.	
23	44.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 44 of the Third	
24	Amended Complaint.		
25	45.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 45 of the Third	
26	Amended Complaint.		
27	46.	Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 46 of the Third	
28	Amended Complaint. DOCSSV1:160096.1	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND	

	·		
1	47. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 47 of the Third		
2	Amended Complaint.		
3	48. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 48 of the Third		
4	Amended Complaint.		
5	49. Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 12 of		
6	the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.		
7	50. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a		
8	cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now		
9	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft		
10	denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 50 of the Third Amended Complaint.		
11	51. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 51 of the Third		
12	Amended Complaint.		
13	52. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 52 of the Third		
14	Amended Complaint.		
15	53. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 53 of the Third		
16	Amended Complaint.		
17	54. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 54 of the Third		
18	Amended Complaint.		
19	55. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 55 of the Third		
20	Amended Complaint.		
21	56. Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-6 and 13 of		
22	the Third Amended Complaint, as if fully restated herein.		
23	57. Microsoft admits that the Third Amended Complaint purports to state a		
24	cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now		
25	infringes the patents asserted against Microsoft in the Third Amended Complaint. Microsoft		
26	denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 57 of the Third Amended Complaint.		
27	58. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 58 of the Third		
28	Amended Complaint.		

1	59. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 59 of the Third	
2	Amended Complaint.	
3	60. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 60 of the Third	
4	Amended Complaint.	
5	61. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 61 of the Third	
6	Amended Complaint.	
7	62. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 62 of the Third	
8	Amended Complaint.	
9	AFFIRMATIVE AND OTHER DEFENSES	
10	Further answering the Third Amended Complaint, Microsoft asserts the following	
11	defenses. Microsoft reserves the right to amend its answer with additional defenses as further	
12	information is obtained.	
13	First Defense: Noninfringement of the Asserted Patents	
14	63. Microsoft has not infringed, contributed to the infringement of, or induced	
15	the infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 B1 ("the '683 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 6,253,193	
16	B1 ("the '193 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,920,861	
17	("the '861 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891	
18	("the '891 Patent"), or U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 ("the '912 Patent"), and is not liable for	
19	infringement thereof.	
20	64. Any and all Microsoft products or methods that are accused of	
21	infringement have substantial uses that do not infringe and therefore cannot induce or contribute	
22	to the infringement of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900	
23	Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent.	
24	Second Defense: Invalidity of the Asserted Patents	
25	65. On information and belief, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent	
26	the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and the '912 Patent are invalid for failing to	
27	comply with the provisions of the Patent Laws, Title 35 U.S.C., including without limitation one	
28	or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.	

1	
2	
3	гед
4	pro
5	'86
6	
7	
8	тес
- 9	pro
10	'86
11	the
12	
13	
14	rec
15	rec dai
16	
17	
18	the
19	Pa
20	the
21	1
22	
23	dis
24	dis '89 cla
25	cla
26	1

	Third Defense:	Unavailability	of Relief
--	----------------	----------------	-----------

66. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and (c) and is not entitled to any alleged damages prior to providing any actual notice to Microsoft of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent.

Fourth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

67. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 284 for enhanced damages and is not entitled to any damages prior to providing any actual notice to Microsoft of the 683 Patent, the 193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent and any alleged infringement thereof.

Fifth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

68. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 287, and has otherwise failed to show that it is entitled to any damages.

Sixth Defense: Prosecution History Estoppel

69. Plaintiff's alleged causes of action for patent infringement are barred under the doctrine of prosecution history estoppel, and Plaintiff is estopped from claiming that the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent covers or includes any accused Microsoft product or method.

Seventh Defense: Dedication to the Public

70. Plaintiff has dedicated to the public all methods, apparatus, and products lisclosed in the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the 891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent, but not literally claimed therein, and is estopped from claiming infringement by any such public domain methods, apparatus, and products.

Eighth Defense: Use/Manufacture By/For United States Government

71. To the extent that any accused product has been used or manufactured by or for the United States, Plaintiff's claims and demands for relief are barred by 28 U.S.C. § 1498.

DOCSSV1:160096.1

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND

27

1	Ninth Defense: License
2	72. To the extent that any of Plaintiff's allegations of infringement are
.3_	premised on the alleged use, sale, offer for sale, license or offer of license of products that were
4	manufactured by or for a licensee of InterTrust and/or provided by or to Microsoft by or to a
5	licensee of InterTrust, such allegations are barred pursuant to license.
6	Tenth Defense: Acquiescence
7	73. Plaintiff has acquiesced in at least a substantial part of the Microsoft
8	conduct alleged to infringe.
9.	Eleventh Defense: Laches
10	74. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred, in whole or in part, by the equitable
11	doctrine of laches.
12	Twelfth Defense: Inequitable Conduct
13	75. The '861 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct,
14	including those acts and failures to act set forth in Microsoft's Counterclaim for Declaratory
15	Judgment of Unenforceability of the '861 Patent, set forth below.
16	Thirteenth Defense: Inequitable Conduct
17	76. The '900 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct,
18	including those acts and failures to act set forth in Microsoft's Counterclaim for Declaratory
19	Judgment of Unenforceability of the '900 Patent, set forth below.
20	Fourteenth Defense: Unenforceability
21	77. The claims of the '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '683
22	Patent, the '193 Patent and the '900 Patent are unenforceable due to unclean hands, inequitable
23	conduct and misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, including those acts and failures to
24	act set forth in Count XI of Microsoft's Counterclaims, set forth below.
25	///
26	111
27	111
28	///

COUNTERCLAIMS

COUNT I - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NONINFRINGEMENT

3 4

1

2

5

6

7 8

9

10 11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27 28

ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP SILICOM VALLEY

This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 78. U.S.C. §§ 1, et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this counterclaim under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1338, 2201, and 2202.

- Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") is a Washington corporation with its 79. principal place of business in Redmond, Washington.
- On information and belief, Plaintiff/Counterclaim Defendant InterTrust 80. Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Santa Clara, California.
- InterTrust purports to be the owner of U.S. Patent Nos. 6,185,683 B1 ("the 81. '683 Patent'), 6,253,193 B1 ("the '193 Patent"), 5,940,504 ("the '504 Patent"), 5,920,861 ("the '861 Patent'), U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 ("the '900 Patent"), U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891 ("the '891 Patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 ("the '912 Patent").
- InterTrust alleges that Microsoft has infringed the '683 Patent, the '193 82. Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and the '912 Patent.
- No Microsoft product has infringed, either directly or indirectly, any claim 83. of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, or the '912 Patent, and Microsoft is not liable for infringement thereof.
- An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, 84. exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to the infringement or noninfringement of the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '504 Patent, the '861 Patent, the '900 Patent, the '891 Patent, and/or the '912 Patent.

COUNT II - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '683 PATENT

Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if 85. fully restated herein.

1	86. The '683 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply		
2	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.		
3-	87. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,		
4	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to		
5	whether the claims of the '683 Patent are valid or invalid.		
6	COUNT III - DECLARATORY <u>JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '193 PATENT</u>		
7 8	88. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if		
9	fully restated herein.		
10	89. The '193 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply		
11	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.		
12	90. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,		
13	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to		
14	whether the claims of the '193 Patent are valid or invalid.		
15	COUNT IV - DECLARATORY <u>JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '504 PATENT</u>		
16 17	91. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if		
18	fully restated herein.		
19	92. The '504 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply		
20	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.		
21	93. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202		
22	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to		
23	whether the claims of the '504 Patent are valid or invalid.		
24	COUNT V - DECLARATORY <u>JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '861 PATENT</u>		
2526	94. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if		
27	fully restated herein.		
28	DOCSSV1:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND		

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

1	95. The '861 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
2	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.
3	96. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
4	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
5	whether the claims of the '861 Patent are valid or invalid.
6	COUNT VI - DECLARATORY <u>JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '900 PATENT</u>
7 8	97. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if
9	fully restated herein.
10	98. The '900 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
11	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.
12	99. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
13	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
14	whether the claims of the '900 Patent are valid or invalid.
15 16	COUNT VII - DECLARATORY <u>JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '891 PATENT</u>
17	100. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims as if
18	fully restated herein.
19	101. The '891 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
20	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.
21	102. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
22	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
23 24	whether the claims of the '891 Patent are valid or invalid. COUNT VIII - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '912 PATENT
25	103. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Courterclaims as if
26	fully restated herein.
	104. The '912 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply
27	with the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103, and 112.
28	With the provisions of the Patent Laws, including one of more of 33 0.3.C. 99 102, 103, and 112.

MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA

1	105. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,		
2	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to		
3	whether the claims of the '912 Patent are valid or invalid.		
4	COUNT IX - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '861 PATENT		
5	106. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if		
6			
7	fully restated herein.		
8	107. Claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), and claims		
9	1-101 of the '861 Patent, were not and are not entitled to the benefit of any application filing date		
10	prior to February 25, 1997, under 35 U.S.C. § 120 or otherwise.		
11	108. "Exhibit A" refers to the document attached as Exhibit A to Microsoft's		
12	counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint (namely, a reprint of		
13	an article entitled "DigiBox: A Self-Protecting Container for Information Commerce").		
14	109. On information and belief, the content of pages 2-14 of Exhibit A was		
15	presented at a public conference in the United States in July 1995.		
16	110. "Exhibit B" refers to the document attached as Exhibit B to Microsoft's		
17	counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint (namely, a copy of a		
18	page from an International Application published under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT),		
19	bearing International Publication Number WO 96/27155).		
20	111. On information and belief, International Application WO 96/27155 has, at		
21	all times since its filing date, been owned and controlled by InterTrust or its predecessors in		
22	interest.		
23	112. International Application WO 96/27155 (hereafter "the WO 96/27155		
24	(PCT) publication") was published on September 6, 1996.		
25	113. United States Patent No. 5,910,987 ("the '987 Patent") issued on June 8,		
26	1999, from a continuation of an application filed on February 13, 1995.		
27	114. The Sibert article is prior art to claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application		
28	(SN 08/805,804).		

DOCSSV1:160096.1

1	115. The Sibert article is prior art to claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent under 35	
2	U.S.C. § 102(b).	
3	116. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is prior art to claims 1-129 of the	
4	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).	
5	117. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is prior art to claims 1-101 of the	
6	'861 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a).	
7	118. The '987 Patent is prior art to claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application	
8	(SN 08/805,804).	
9	119. The '987 Patent is prior art to claims 1-101 of the '861 Patent, under 35	
10	U.S.C. § 102(e).	
11	120. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of claim 1 of the '861	
12	Patent application (SN 08/805,804).	
13	121. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of claims 2-129 of the	
14	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).	
15	122. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of	
16	claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).	
17	123. The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of	
18	claims 2-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).	
9	124. The '987 Patent was material to the patentability of claims 29-129 of the	
20	4861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).	
21	125. One or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew, while the '861 Patent	
22	application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the July 1995 publication of the Sibert article.	
23	126. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew,	
24	while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the September 1996	
25	publication of the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.	
26	127. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants knew,	
27	while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, of the June 8, 1999 issuance of	
28	the '987 Patent. DOCSSVI:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND	

1	•
2	a. .w
3	.VA
4	
5	٠٤
6	s
7	
8	٠,
9	1
10	
11	P
12	
13	p
14	P'
15	
16	О
17	
18	aı
19	ť
20	
21	aı
22	tl:
23	
24	aı th
25	tŀ
26	

	128.	On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys who pros	ecuted o
assisted in p	prosecuting	g the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that ap	plication
was pendin	g, of the Ju	uly 1995 publication of the Sibert article.	

- One or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in prosecuting the 129. 861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the eptember 1996 publication of the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
- One or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or assisted in prosecuting the 130. 861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) knew, while that application was pending, of the June 8, 999 issuance of the '987 Patent.
- 131. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the Sibert article to the atent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the WO 96/27155 (PCT) 132. ublication to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application SN 08/805,804).
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite the '987 Patent to the Patent Office as prior art to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 134. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior rt to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having ne same or substantially the same disclosure as the Sibert article.
- 135. The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior rt to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having ne same or substantially the same disclosure as the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication.
- The applicants for the '861 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior rt to any of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) any reference having ne same or substantially the same disclosure as the '987 Patent.
- The Sibert article is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).

-15-

ORRICK

HERRINGTON

ILICON VALLEY

SUTCLIFFE LLP

1		
2		T
3		
4		a
5		
6		b
7		S
8		
9		p
10		d
11		
12		b
13		V
14		a
15		
16		p
17		(1
18	l	0
19		
 20		b
21		V
22 ·		b
23		
24		b
25		ь ()
26	-	(

138.	The WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication is not merely cumulative over any
reference cited as prior	r art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804

- 139. The '987 Patent is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior art during the prosecution of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 140. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the Sibert article disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 141. InterTrust contends that none of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the Sibert article discloses an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 142. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 143. InterTrust contends that none of the '861 Patent applicants believed, during pendency of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication discloses an embodiment of claim 1 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
- 144. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the Sibert article was material to the patentability of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
- 145. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the WO 96/27155 (PCT) publication was material to the patentability of claims 1-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804), but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.

1	146. On information and belief, one or more of the '861 Patent applicants
2	believed, while the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804) was pending, that the '987 Patent
3.	was material to the patentability of claims 29-129 of the '861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804),
4	but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
5	147. The '861 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '861
6	Patent applicants and/or agents before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the
7	'861 Patent application (SN 08/805,804).
8	148. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
.9	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
10	whether the claims of the '861 Patent are enforceable.
11	COUNT X - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT
12	OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '900 PATENT
13	149. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if
14	fully restated herein.
15	150. The application and issued claims of the '900 Patent were not and are not
16	entitled to the benefit of any application filing date prior to August 30, 1996, under 35 U.S.C. §
17	120 or otherwise.
18	151. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 31-32 of its Counterclaims, as if
19	fully restated herein.
20	152. The Sibert article is prior art to the application and issued claims of the
21	'900 Patent under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b).
22	153. The Sibert article was material to the patentability of application and issued
23	claims of the '900 Patent, including, for example, issued claims 86 and 182.
24	154. One or more of the '900 Patent applicants knew of the July 1995
25	publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending.
26	155. On information and belief, one or more of the attorneys who prosecuted or
27	assisted in the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) knew of the July 1995
28	publication of the Sibert article while the '900 Patent application was pending. DOCSSV1:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND

ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE L		and the alleged "inventions" of the patents. For example, InterTrust has accused non-infringing DOCSSVI:160096.1 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED -18- COMPLAINT: CASE NO. C 01-1640 SBA
•	27	has engaged in a pattern of obfuscation as to the scope of the patents, the prior art to the patents,
	26	165. In prosecuting, marketing, and enforcing the Count XI Patents, InterTrust
	25	Patent, and the '900 Patent are referred to as the Count XI Patents.
	24	164. The '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '861
	23	Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
•	22	163. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 and 30-85 of its
	21	COUNT XI - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY
	20	whether the claims of the '900 Patent are enforceable.
	19	exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to
	18	162. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202,
	17	application (SN 08/706,206).
	16	Patent applicants before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the '900 Patent
	15	161. The '900 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '900
	14	but, with deceptive intent, failed to disclose that reference as prior art to the Patent Office.
	13	was material to the patentability of various claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206),
	12	believed, while the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) was pending, that the Sibert article
	11	160. On information and belief, one or more of the '900 Patent applicants
	10	Sibert article disclosed an embodiment of claim 1 of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
	9	believed, during pendency of claim 1-of the 1900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206), that the
	8	159. On information and belief, one or more of the '900 Patent applicants
	7	art during the prosecution of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
	6	158. The Sibert article is not merely cumulative over any reference cited as prior
	5	substantially the same disclosure as the Sibert article.
	4	art to any claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206) any reference having the same or
	3	157. The applicants for the '900 Patent did not cite to the Patent Office as prior
	2	Patent Office as prior art to any claims of the '900 Patent application (SN 08/706,206).
	1	156. The applicants for the '900 Patent did not cite the Sibert article to the

-	ı	•
2		r
3		F
4		F
5		i
6		e
7 ·		U
8		
9: .		e
10		V
11		F
12		
13		
14		
15		f
16		
17		C
18		l
19		
20		(
21	I	
22		(
23		1
24		
25		
	1	

products of infringement, has buried Patent Office Examiners with a collection of more than 400 references, many of which were not related to the particular claims in issue, and has buried the Examiners with hundreds or thousands of pages of redundant, verbose, unclear text, effectively prohibiting a real comparison of the alleged "invention" versus the prior art. This pattern of ntentional conduct constitutes an abuse of the patent system, unclean hands, misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, rendering the Count XI patents unenforceable, as well as invalid ınder Section 112.

An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, 166. exists between Microsoft, on the one-hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '891 Patent, the '912 Patent, the '683 Patent, the '193 Patent, the '861 Patent, and the '900 Patent are enforceable.

COUNT XII - INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,049,671

- Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 2-3 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
- This Court has exclusive subject matter jurisdiction over Microsoft's cause 168. of action for patent infringement under Title 28, United States Code, Sections 1331 and 1338, and under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code.
- U.S. Patent No. 6,049,671 ("the '671 Patent") issued to Microsoft 169. Corporation as the assignee of Benjamin W. Slivka and Jeffrey S. Webber on April 11, 2000.
- A true copy of the '671 Patent is attached as Exhibit C to Microsoft's 170. counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint, and is incorporated herein by reference.
 - Microsoft owns all right, title and interest in the '671 Patent. 171.
 - InterTrust has had actual notice of the '671 Patent. 172.
- InterTrust has infringed one or more claims of the '671 Patent, in violation 173. of at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a, b, c).

-19-

ORRICK HERRINGTON

SUTCLIFFE LLP

26

27

1	174. InterTrust's infringement of the '671 Patent has caused and will continue to
2	cause Microsoft damage, including irreparable harm for which it has no adequate remedy at law.
3	COUNT XIII - INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,256,668
4	
5	175. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 2-3 and 91 of its Counterclaims
6	as if fully restated herein.
7	176. U.S. Patent No. 6,256,668 B1 ("the '668 Patent") issued to Microsoft
8	Corporation as the assignee of Benjamin W. Slivka and Jeffrey S. Webber on July 3, 2001.
9 =	177. A true copy of the '668-Patent is attached as Exhibit D to Microsoft's
10	counterclaims filed in response to InterTrust's Second Amended Complaint, and is incorporated
11	herein by reference.
12	178. Microsoft owns all right, title and interest in the '668 Patent.
13	179. InterTrust has had actual notice of the '668 Patent.
14	180. InterTrust has infringed one or more claims of the '668 Patent, in violation
15	of at least 35 U.S.C. § 271(a, b, c).
16	181. InterTrust's infringement of the '668 Patent has caused and will continue to
17	cause Microsoft damage, including irreparable harm for which it has no adequate remedy at law.
18	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
19	WHEREFORE, Microsoft prays for the following relief:
20	A. The Court enter judgment against InterTrust, and dismiss with prejudice,
21	any and all claims of the Third Amended Complaint;
22	B. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
23	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '683 Patent;
24	C. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
25	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '193 Patent;
26	D. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
27	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '504 Patent;
28	E. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed, Microsoft Corporation's Amended Answer and

1	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '861 Patent;
2	F. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
_3	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '900 Patent;
4	G. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
5	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '891 Patent;
6	H. The Court enter judgment declaring that Microsoft has not infringed,
7	contributed to infringement of, or induced infringement of the '912 Patent;
8	I. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '683 Patent is invalid;
.9	JThe Court enter judgment declaring that the 193-Patent is invalid;
10	K. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '504 Patent is invalid;
11	L. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '861 Patent is invalid;
12	M. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '900 Patent is invalid;
3	N. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '891 Patent is invalid;
4	O. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '912 Patent is invalid;
5	P. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '861 Patent is unenforceable
6	due to inequitable conduct;
17	Q. The Court enter judgment declaring that the '900 Patent is unenforceable
8	due to inequitable conduct;
9	R. The Court enter judgment declaring that each of the '891 Patent, the '912
20	Patent, the '683-Patent, the '193-Patent, the '861-Patent and the '900-Patent is unenforceable due
21	to an abuse of the patent system, unclean hands, and misuse and illegal extension of the patent
22	right;
23	S. The Court enter judgment that InterTrust has infringed the '671 Patent;
24	T. The Court enter judgment that InterTrust has infringed the '668 Patent;
25	U. The Court enter a permanent injunction prohibiting InterTrust, its officers,
26	agents, servants, employees, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of them
27	from infringing the '671 and '668 Patents;
28	/// DOCSSV1:160096.1 . Microsoft Corporation's Amended Answer and

 V. The Court award damages and attorney fees against InterTrust pursuant to
the provisions of 35 U.S.C §§ 284 and 285.
W. The Court award to Microsoft pre-judgment interest and the costs of this
action.
X. The Court award to Microsoft its reasonable costs and attorneys' fees; and
Y. The Court grant to Microsoft such other and further relief as may be
deemed just and appropriate.
JURY DEMAND
Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), Defendant Microsoft Corporation demands a
trial by jury.
DATED: November 14, 2001
By WILLIAM L. ANTHONY
ERIC L. WESENBERG MARK R. WEINSTEIN
ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE, LLP 1000 Marsh Road
Menlo Park, CA 94025
Telephone: 650-614-7400
STEVEN ALEXANDER KRISTIN L. CLEVELAND
JAMES E. GERINGER JOHN D. VANDENBERG
KLARQUIST SPARKMAN, LLP One World Trade Center, Suite 1600
121 S.W. Salmon Street Portland, OR 97204
Telephone: (503) 226-7391
Attorneys for Defendant Microsoft Corporation
Of Counsel:
T. ANDREW CULBERT, Esq.
One Microsoft Way Building 8
Redmond, WA 98052-6399 Phone: 425-882-8080

28 ORRICK
HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP

SILICON VALLEY

DECLARATION OF SERVICE VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL AND U.S. MAIL I am more than eighteen years old and not a party to this action. My place of 2 employment and business address is 1000 Marsh Road, Menlo Park, California 94025. 3 On November 14, 2001, I served: 4 MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO 5 INTERTRUST'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT 6 By transmitting a copy of the above-listed document(s) in PDF form via electronic mail Michael H. Page at mhp@kvn.com, Christopher P. Isaac at chris.isaac@finnegan.com, Stephen E. Taylor at staylor@tcolaw.com and James E. Geringer at james.geringer@klarquist.com and also by placing true and correct copies of the above documents in an envelope addressed to: 10 11 Christopher P. Isaac, Esq. John W. Keker, Esq. FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, Michael H. Page, Esq. 12 **GARRETT & DUNNER LLP** KEKER & VAN NEST, LLP 1300 I. Street, N.W. 710 Sansome Street 13 Washington, DC 20005-3314 San Francisco, California 94111 14 Tel. No. 202-408-4000 Tel. No. 415-391-5400 Fax No. 202-408-4400 Fax No. 415-397-7188 15 Email: jwk@kvn.com Email: chris.isaac@finnegan.com Email: mhp@kvn.com 16 Attorneys for Plaintiff INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES Attorneys for Plaintiff 17 INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION CORPORATION 18 19 John D. Vandenberg, Esq. Stephen E. Taylor, Esq. 20 James E. Geringer, Esq. TAYLOR & CO. LAW OFFICES KLARQUIST, SPARKMAN, CAMPBELL, 1050 Marina Village Parkway, Suite 101 21 LEIGH & WHINSTON LLP Alameda, CA 94501 One World Trade Center Tel. No. 510-865-9401 121 S. W. Salmon Street, Suite 1600 Fax No. 510-865-9408 23 Portland, Oregon 97204 Email: staylor@tcolaw.com Tel. No: 503-226-7391 Attorneys for Plaintiff 24 Fax No: 503-228-9446 INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES Email: john.vandenberg@klarquist.com 25 CORPORATION Email: james.geringer@klarquist.com 26 Attorneys for Defendant and Counterclaimant, MICROSOFT 27 **CORPORATION**

ORRICK, HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

28

DOCSSV1:164899.1

and sealing the envelope, affixing adequate first-class postage and depositing it in the U.S. mail at Menlo Park, California. Executed on November 14, 2001at Menlo Park, California. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (SIGNATURE) (PRINT NAME)

ORRICK, HERRINGTON
& SUTCLIFFE LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

DOCSSV1:164899.1

-2-

This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

BLACK BORDERS
☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
□ OTHER:

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.